



X115 RUGGED SUBMERSIBLE STAND-ALONE LINEAR POSITION SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES

- Intrinsically safe for Gas to: Ex II 1G
- Non-contacting inductive technology to eliminate wear
- Travel set to customer's requirement
- Compact and self-contained
- High durability and reliability
- High accuracy and stability
- Sealing to IP68 10bar/IP69K

As a leading designer and manufacturer of linear, rotary, tilt and intrinsically safe position sensors, Positek[®] has the expertise to supply a sensor to suit a wide variety of applications.

Our intrinsically safe X115 incorporates electronics system EX07 which is ATEX / IECEx /UKEX approved for use in potentially explosive **gas/vapour** atmospheres.

The X115 is a heavy-duty version of the X114 sensor with a stronger 12.6mm push rod, recommended for applications where vibration is an issue or there is a need for longer travel sensors which are to be mounted horizontally between rod It remains an affordable, durable, higheves. accuracy position sensor designed for applications where the sensor would be completely submerged during normal operation. The unit is highly compact and space-efficient, being responsive along almost its entire length. Like all Positek[®] sensors, the X115 provides a linear output proportional to Each sensor is supplied with the output travel. calibrated to the travel required by the customer, from 5 to 800mm and with full EMC protection built The sensor is very robust, the body and push in. rod being made of 316 stainless steel for long service life and environmental resistance. Overall performance, repeatability and stability are outstanding over a wide temperature range. The sensor is easy to install with mounting options including stainless steel M8 rod eye bearings and body clamps. The push rod can be supplied free or captive with female M8 thread, an M8 rod eye, dome end or magnetic tip. M12 and 1/2" rod eye option available. Captive push rods can be sprung loaded, in either direction, on sensors up to 300mm of The X115 also offers a selection of travel. mechanical and electrical options, environmental sealing is to IP68 10bar/IP69K.



SPECIFICATION

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Dimensions	25					
Body diameter	35 mm					
Body length (Axial version)	calibrated travel + 168 mm					
Body length (Radial version)						
Push rod extension For full mechanical details see dr	calibrated travel + 7 mm, OD 12.6 mm					
Power Supply	$+5V \text{ dc nom.} \pm 0.5V, 10\text{ mA typ 20mA max}$					
Output Signal	$0.5-4.5V$ dc ratiometric, Load: $5k\Omega$ min.					
Independent Linearity	$\leq \pm 0.25\%$ FSO @ 20°C - up to 450 mm					
independent Encarty	$\leq \pm 0.5\%$ FSO @ 20°C - over 450 mm					
	$\leq \pm 0.1\%$ FSO @ 20°C [*] available upon request.					
*Sensors with calibrated travel from						
Temperature Coefficients	< ± 0.01%/°C Gain &					
· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$< \pm 0.01\%$ FS/°C Offset					
Frequency Response	> 10 kHz (-3dB)					
Resolution	Infinite					
Noise	< 0.02% FSO					
Intrinsic Safety	Ex II 1G					
•	Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta= -40°C to 80°C)					
Approval only applies to the specific conditions in the range 0.80 to 1.10	ed ambient temperature range and atmospheric) Bar, oxygen ≤ 21%					
Sensor Input Parameters	Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.20A, Pi: 0.51W.					
(without cable)	Ci: 1.16µF, Li: 50µĤ					
(with cable)	Ci: 1.36µF, Li: 860µH with 1km max. cable					
Ènvironmental Temperatur	e Limits (Non Icing)					
Operating	-40°C to +80°C					
Storage	-40°C to +125°C					
Sealing	IP68 10bar/IP69K					
EMC Performance	EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3					
Vibration	IEC 68-2-6: 10 g					
Shock	IEC 68-2-29: 40 g					
MTBF	350,000 hrs 40°C Gf					
Drawing List						
X115-11	Sensor Outline					

X115-11 Sensor Outline Drawings, in AutoCAD[®] dwg or dxf format, available on request.

Do you need a position sensor made to order to suit a particular installation requirement or specification? We'll be happy to modify any of our designs to suit your needs - please contact us with your requirements.





X115 Rugged submersible stand-alone linear position sensor INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES

Intrinsically safe equipment is defined as "equipment which is incapable of releasing sufficient electrical or thermal energy under normal or abnormal conditions to cause ignition of a specific hazardous atmosphere mixture in its most easily ignited concentration.

ATEX / IECEx / UKEX approved to;

Ex II 1G Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta= -40°C to 80°C)

Designates the sensor as belonging to; Group II: suitable for all areas **except mining**, Category 1 G: can be used in areas with continuous, long or frequent periods of exposure to hazardous gas / vapour (Zones 2 to 0).

Gas / Vapour:

Protection class ia, denotes intrinsically safe for all zones Apparatus group IIC: suitable for IIA, IIB and IIC explosive gas / vapour.

Temperature class T4: maximum sensor surface temperature under fault conditions 135°C.

Ambient temperature range extended to -40°C to +80°C. It is imperative Positek[®] intrinsically safe sensors be used in conjunction with a galvanic barrier to meet the requirements of the product certification. The Positek X005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is purpose made for Positek IS sensors making it the perfect choice. Refer to the X005 datasheet for product specification and output configuration options. Safety Parameters:-

Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.20A, Pi: 0.51W Ci = 1.36μ F* Li = 860μ H* (cable option/s) Ci = 1.16μ F Li = 50μ H (connector option/s)

*Figures for 1km cable where: Ci = 200pF/m & Li = 810nH/m

Sensors can be installed with a maximum of 1000m of cable. Cable characteristics must not exceed:-

Capacitance: $\leq 200 \text{ pF/m}$ for max. total of: Inductance: $\leq 810 \text{ nH/m}$ for max. total of: 200 nF. 810 µH. For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients. ATEX / IECEx / UKEX approved sensors suitable for dust (E

series) and mining (M series) applications, are also available from Positek.

TABLE OF OPTIONS

CALIBRATED TRAVEL:

Factory-set to any length from 5 to 800 mm in increments of 1 mm.

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE OPTIONS

The Positek® X005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is available with the

following output options; Standard: 0.5 - 9.5V or 4 - 20mA. Reverse: 9.5 - 0.5V or 20 - 4mA.

CONNECTOR/CABLE OPTIONS Cable with Pg 7 gland

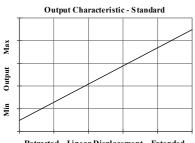
Axial or Radial, IP68 10bar/IP69K Three core (black jacket) or five core (blue jacket) cable options available. Cable length >50 cm – please specify length in cm up to 15000 cm max. We recommend all customers refer to the 3 or 5-Wire Mode Connection page.

MOUNTING OPTIONS

M8 rod eye bearing (radial versions), Body Tube Clamp/s (axial or radial versions). M12 and 1/2" rod eye option available.

PUSH ROD OPTIONS – Retained^{\dagger} or Free with M8x1.25 female thread, M8 rod eye bearing or Magnetic tip, Spring loaded - retract or extend, Dome end[#].

standard, retained with female thread. [#] with spring extend.



Retracted Linear Displacement Extended





Three or Five-Wire Mode Connection FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE SENSORS IN HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERES

The aim of this document is to help readers who do not understand what is meant by three or five wire modes of connection between the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor, and the factors behind them. It is by no means an in-depth technical analysis of the subject.

Whether opting for a pre-wired Positek[®] Intrinsically Safe sensor or one with a connector, choosing the right mode of connection and cable to suit the application requires careful consideration.

Interconnecting cables are not perfect conductors and offer resistance to current flow, the magnitude of resistance[†] depends on conductors resistivity, which changes with temperature, cross sectional area[‡] and length. If the voltage were to be measured at both ends of a length of wire it would be found they are different, this is known as volts drop. Volts drop changes with current flow and can be calculated using Ohm's law, it should be noted that volts drop occurs in both positive and negative conductors. The effects of volts drop can be reduced by increasing the conductors cross sectional area, this does not however eliminate the effects due to temperature variation. There are instances where large cross-section cables are not practical; for example most standard industrial connectors of the type used for sensors have a maximum conductor capacity of 0.75mm², copper prices and ease of installation are other considerations.

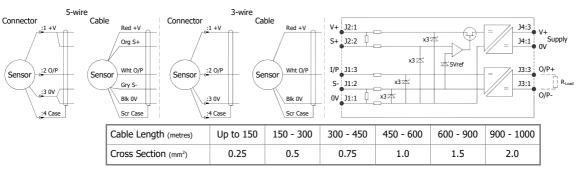
This is important because the effects of volts drop can significantly alter the perceived accuracy of the sensor which is ratiometric i.e. the output signal is directly affected by the voltage across the sensor. Changes in temperature will also be seen as gain variation in the sensor output.

Three wire mode connections are common and are suitable in most cases with short or moderate cable runs. Applications that do not require a high degree of accuracy but have cable runs, say in excess of 10m, volts drop can reduced by introducing a terminal box close to the sensor and using a larger cross-section cable for a majority of the cable run. Sensors supplied with three core cable are calibrated with the cable fitted which largely eliminates errors due to conductor resistance at room temperature however, as mentioned above, small gain errors due to temperature fluctuations should be expected.

Five wire mode connections have significant benefits as losses in the positive and negative conductors are compensated for by the galvanic isolation amplifier which can 'sense' the voltage across the sensor and dynamically adjust the output voltage so that the voltage across the sensor is correct. The effects of cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients are eliminated allowing for smaller conductors than a three wire connection for the same cable run. The amplifier can compensate for up to 15Ω per conductor with a current flow of 15mA, which is more than adequate for 150m of 0.25 mm² cable, longer lengths will require larger conductors.

For this reason Positek[®] recommends five wire connections for cable lengths exceeding 10 metres in 0.25 mm² cable to preserve the full accuracy of the sensor.

See illustrations below for examples of connecting a sensor to the galvanic isolation amplifier.



The table above shows recommended conductor sizes with respect to cable length for both three and five wire connections, based on copper conductors. Three wire connections will introduce a gain reduction of 5% and a $\pm 1\%$ temperature dependence of gain over the range -40°C to +80°C for the cable temperature. (i.e. about -150 ppm/°C for the maximum lengths shown and less pro rata for shorter lengths.)

It should be noted that the maximum cable length, as specified in the sensor certification, takes **precedence** and **must not** be exceeded.

Positek[®] sensors are supplied with three core 0.25 mm² cable as standard, however five core 0.25 mm² cable can be supplied on request. The galvanic isolation amplifier is available as;

G005-*** for `G' and `H' prefix sensors X005-*** for `E', `M' and `X' prefix sensors

 $\frac{1}{2}$ R = ρ L/A ρ is the resistivity of the conductor (Ω m) L is the length of conductor (m) A is the conductor cross-sectional area (m²).

^{*}It is presumed that **d**irect **c**urrent flow is uniform across the cross-section of the wire, the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor are a dc system.



Intrinsically Safe - Gas/Vapour Atmospheres X115 Rugged Submersible Stand-Alone Linear Position Sensor

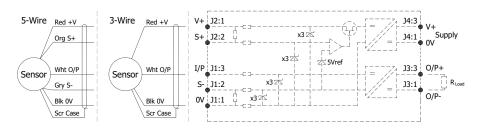
				а	b	с	d		е	e f	e f g	e f g h
	v	115	. Disp	acement	A			с С				Option Option Option Option
	Λ.	115	. Disp	acement	A	Connection	s Option	Ορι				
Displacement (mm)					Va	alue						
splacement in mm	e.g. 0 -	254 r	mm		2	54						
Output												
Supply V dc V _s (tolerance)			Output		С	ode						
-5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	0.5 - 4.5	5V (rai	tiometric w	ith supply)		A						
Connections					С	ode						
ble Gland - Radial	IP68 10	bar -	3-core o	able	1	xx						
idle Gland - Radial	IP68 10	bar -	5-core o	able	10	Qxx						
ble Gland - Axial	IP68 10	bar -	3-core o	able	L	xx						
Die Gialiu - Axiai	IP68 10	bar- !	5-core ca	able	L	Qxx						
cify required cable length `x m supplied as standard.	«' in cm. e.g. l	L2000 s	specifies ca	ble gland with	120 m of c	able,						
Body Fittings					С	ode						
ne - default					b	ank						
Rod-eye Bearing	Radial b	ody s	style only	/		N						
Body Clamps					С	ode						
ody Clamps - 1 pair						P						
ody Clamps - 2 pairs					l	P2						
Sprung Push Rod					С	ode						
one - default					b	ank						
pring Extend	Up to 30	00mm	n displac	ement.		R						
pring Retract	Captive	push	rod only	/.		s						
Push Rod Fittings					C	ode						
one - default	Female	Threa	ad M8x1	.25x12 dee	ep bl	ank						
ome end	Require	s opti	ion `R'			т						
8 Rod-eye Bearing						U						
lagnetic Tip					١	VA						
Push Rod Options					С	ode						
Captive - default	Push ro	d is re	etained		b	ank						
lon-captive	Push ro	d can	o depart	body		v						
Z-code					C	ode						
Calibration to suit X005	- Default				Z	000						
≤± 0.1% @20°C Indepe 0mm & 400mm only!	endent Line	earity	displacem	ent between	Z	550						
1/2" Rod eye options av	ailable				Z	825						
412 Rod eye options av					-	326						

All Intrinsically Safe (IS) sensors must have a Z-code suffix. IS sensors must be used in conjunction with a Galvanic Isolation Amplifier - See X005 for Output options.

Installation Information Positek X115 RUGGED SUBMERSIBLE STAND-ALONE LINEAR POSITION SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES

For certificate number and safety parameters information for product marked EX04, see next page.

	Ex / UKEX Qualified to Intrin numbers SIRA 13ATEX2371X IECEx SIR 13.0154 CSAE 21UKEX2537	X	Ex II 1G Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta = -40°C to +80°C)
Electronics Version			Load resistance:
EX07	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply) [Output code 'A']	+5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	5kΩ min



Putting Into Service: The sensor must be used with a galvanic isolation barrier designed to supply the sensor with a nominal 5V and to transmit the sensor output to a safe area. The barrier parameters must not exceed:-

Ui = 11.4V	Ii = 0.20A	Pi = 0.51W	
Ci = 1.36µF*	Li = 860µH*	('Ixx', 'IQxx', 'Lxx' or 'LQxx' options)	*Figures for 1km cable
Ci = 1.16µF	Li = 50µH	(without cable)	

The sensor is certified to be used with up to **1000m** of cable, cable characteristics must not exceed: Capacitance: \leq 200 pF/m or max. total of: 200 nF

≤ 200 pF/m or max. total of: Inductance: ≤ 810 nH/m or max. total of: 810 µH

Approval only applies to specified ambient temperature range and atmospheric conditions in the range: 0.80 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen ≤ 21%.

The performance of the sensor may be affected by voltage drops associated with long cable lengths; For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate error's introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.

N.b. Where the free end of the cable is to be terminated in a submerged position, adequate sealing must be provided to protect connections.

Special Condition for Safe Use:

The apparatus does not meet the 500 V r.m.s dielectric strength test between circuit and frame, in accordance with clause 6.3.13 of IEC 60079-11:2011. This must be taken into consideration on installation.

When using a Sensor that has an integral cable in a dust application, the free end of the cable shall be appropriately terminated for the zone of use. Under certain extreme circumstances, the non-metallic and isolated metal parts incorporated in the enclosure of this equipment may generate an ignition-capable level of electrostatic charge. Therefore the equipment shall not be installed in a location where the external conditions are conducive to the build-up of electrostatic charge on such surfaces. This is particularly important if the equipment is installed in a zone 0 location. In addition, the equipment shall only be cleaned with a damp cloth.

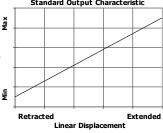
Use: The sensor is designed to measure linear displacement and provide an analogue output signal.

Assembly and Dismantling: The unit is not to be serviced or dismantled and re-assembled by the user.

Maintenance: No maintenance is required.

Mechanical Mounting: Depending on options; body can be mounted by rod eye bearing or by clamping the sensor body - body clamps are It is assumed that the sensor and target available, if not already ordered. Target by M8x1.25 female thread, rod eye bearing or magnetic tip. mounting points share a common earth. Standard Output Characteristic

Output Characteristic: Target is extended 7 mm from end of body at start of normal travel. The output increases as the target extends from the sensor body, the calibrated stroke is between 5 mm and 800 mm.



Output

Incorrect Connection Protection levels: Not protected – the sensor is not protected against either reverse polarity or over-voltage. The risk of damage should be minimal where the supply current is limited to less than 50mA.



Installation Information Positek X115 RUGGED SUBMERSIBLE STAND-ALONE LINEAR **POSITION SENSOR** INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES

For certificate number and safety parameters information for product marked EX07, see previous page.

			Ex II 1G EEx ia IIC T4 (Ta = -40°C to +80°C)		
Electronics Version			Load resistance:		
EX04	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply) [Output code 'A']	+5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	5kΩ min		

The barrier parameters must not exceed

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Ui = 11.4V	Ii = 0.20A	Pi = 0.51W	
Ci = 1.36µF*		('Ixx' or 'Lxx' options)	*Figures for 1km cable
Ci = 1.16µF	Li = 50µH	(without cable)	
sensor is certified to	be used with up to	1000m of cable, cabl	e characteristics mu

The s nust not exceed:-

Capacitance: \leq 200 pF/m for max. total of: 200 nF Inductance: \leq 660 nH/m for max. total of: 660 μ H

With the exception of the certificate number and safety parameters above, all other notes regarding Putting Into Service, Use, Assembly and Dismantling etc. on previous page apply to sensors marked EX04 or EX07.

